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This study of the four adult correctional institution libraries in Maryland is based on background data obtained from a survey questionnaire, conferences with institutional personnel, and tours of the library facilities and education departments. Findings show that although an attempt has been made to organize the libraries, they are still inadequate. Recommendations outline an immediate library development plan for the next two years and a long-range plan to be accomplished within a five year period. The plans involve: (1) establishment of a pilot library demonstration program at the Maryland Penitentiary in 1966, to be supported by a grant for the first two years, (2) creating a supervisory library division in the Maryland Department of Corrections, which would include the appointment of a professional librarian, (3) development of library service in the other three correctional institutions in 1967 and 1968, with funds requested in the Department of Corrections budget, and (4) organization of a library program for correctional camps as soon as it is financially feasible. A detailed library program is outlined for each of the four institution, the Maryland Department of Corrections, and the correctional work camps. The "Objectives and Standards for Libraries in Correctional Institutions, prepared by a committee of the American Correctional Association, is appended. (JB)



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SURVEY

OF

MARYLAND ADULT CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION LIBRARIES

Conducted By

MARYLAND LIBRARY ASSOCIATION

In Cooperation With

ED025291

DIVISION OF LIBRARY EXTENSION

MARYLAND STATE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

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August, 1965

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INTRODUCTION

A special subcommittee of the American Library Association, Association of Hospital and Institution Libraries, was established in July, 1963. Its purpose is to exert leadership in studying the conditions of library service in correctional institutions and to formulate guidelines for development of such service.

In July, 1964, the national subcommittee met, under the chairmanship of Miss Marion H. Vedder, to formulate a survey plan and guide to be used for a state-wide survey of adult correctional institutions. Prior to the Baltimore meeting, the interest and support of the Commissioner of Maryland Department of Correction, Mr. Vernon L. Pepersack, was assured. Mr. Pepersack succeeded Mr. James U. Curran, former Commissioner, who had agreed to cooperate fully prior to his death. This support was essential in order to test and demonstrate the effectiveness of the survey plan and to assure willingness to enter into a full-scale demonstration of library service at one institution in accordance with recommendations made by the survey team. It was thought that Maryland, as a demonstration state, would be advantageous since the Congress of Correction is scheduled to meet in Baltimore in 1966.

Miss Nettie B. Taylor, Director of the Maryland State Division of Library Extension and a member of the National Committee was successful in obtaining the cooperation of the Maryland Library Association, which appointed a committee to conduct the Maryland Survey. This committee is composed of five members who are specialists in education and in public and school library fields.



MARYLAND CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION LIBRARIES

SURVEY PROCEDURES

Preliminary meetings to determine and clarify the objectives and procedures of the survey committee were held with the Director of the Division of Library Extension, the Commissioner of the Department of Correction and members of his staff, and with the survey committee. The Correctional Institution Library Survey Outline was discussed, and the Director of Education at the Maryland Penitentiary assumed responsibility for gathering this background information from each of the four correctional institutions in Maryland. When this material was received, it was correlated in tabular form and given to each committee member prior to the visits to the institutions.

Through arrangements made by the Commissioner, the committee, accompanied by a staff member of the Correction Department, visited each major prison and one work-camp during February and March. At each institution conferences were held with the Warden, the Correctional Treatment Officer, and the members of the education staff. The enthusiasm and cooperation of these officials was marked, and the committee felt that there was sincere interest in developing a library program that would contribute to the educational and social rehabilitation of the inmates.

Tours of the library facilities, the education departments, and the workshops provided depth to the information obtained from the survey outlines. During the visits the committee's emphasis was focused on the institution library and its relation to the educational program. The staff, and the immates too, were responsive to the questions of the committee and gave generously of time and



effort to insure that it received an objective and well-rounded picture of the over-all operation of the prison.

PROFILES OF THE INSTITUTIONS

In each of the four State institutions, new immates are placed on quarantine for periods of from two to four weeks. During this time they undergo medical, psychological, educational, and vocational testing to determine classification and work assignments. Three of the prisons currently are involved in a building program, and an education-library complex has been indicated in the plans. This fact has given incentive to the committee's work.

The Maryland Penitentiary, located in Baltimore City, with an immate population of 1,500 men ranging in age from 18 to 70 years, is the maximum security institution for the State. Many of the prisoners are serving long-term sentences with the average stay approximately five and a half years. The average education level is less than fifth grade, and there is a well-planned, active, educational program that has involved fifty per cent of the immate population. However, classes are held in the evening hours when the library is closed, and in a separate building across the prison yard. This makes the library inaccessible for educational purposes. The prisoners daily schedule is from 7:00 a.m. to 11:00 p.m.; work assignments are carried on from 8:30 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. The men have free time from 5:00 p.m. to 10:00 p.m. each day, and a variety of activities such as glee club and band, sports, art shows, television, and recreational programs compete with reading and education for this free time.

The library, under supervision of the academic instructor who has a master's degree, has a collection of approximately 11,000 books and is staffed by five inmates. With a pass from a shop foreman, the men may come to the library during

4.45

working hours to select books. A monthly collection of 50 books and a core collection of 200 books changed quarterly is provided by the Enoch Pratt Free Library of Baltimore. Restricted areas receive regular distribution of books.

The Maryland Correctional Institution for Men is located in Hagerstown in the western section of the State. This is a medium security institution, seriously overcrowded, with a population of approximately 2,000 young men between the ages of 19 - 26 years with an average sentence of twenty months. The average educational level is the fifth grade, and there are currently enrolled in the school program 250 - 300 men. The students, who attend school half time and work half time, may use the library while attending classes. Other inmates have access to the library every other Saturday morning on a staggered schedule. The collection of 6,000 books, housed in a crowded room, is under the supervision of the academic instructor assisted by four inmates. Although it is adjacent to the classrooms, the library is inaccessible to the majority of the prisoners and there is little motivation for reading. When the building program is completed, emphasis will be on educational and vocational training.

Attached to this prison is a new Pre-Release Center where inmates stay for a period of four to six weeks prior to release. This modern, attractive building, colorfully decorated, with individual rooms, lounge area, and ample dining room affords a sharp contrast in atmosphere to the overcrowded condition of the regular prison.

The Maryland House of Correction for Men is located in the small town of Jessup about equal in distance from Baltimore and Annapolis. This too is a medium security institution with a staff of 130 to work with a population of over 1,800 young men between the ages of 20 - 26 years whose terms average three years. With an average educational background of sixth grade, there is an active educational program in progress from noon until 8:00 p.m. with classrooms located at

the end of cell blocks on three floors.

Located at the rear of an administrative wing, completely isolated from the classrooms, and in a noisy, unattractive room, the library is administered by a staff member who is a high school graduate and who is assisted by four inmates. None of the inmates has open access to the library. Books are selected from typed lists, and delivered to the cells by "runners"; selections therefore are made by the men without any idea of the content of the book. Service is extended also to the restricted areas upon request from the men.

In addition to the industrial work program, activities such as arts and crafts, sports, movies, first-aid courses, television, engage the free time of the prisoners. Although the prison complex comprises 1,300 acres, there is no area provided for outside recreational facilities because of lack of fencing to insure security. As in each of the other institutions, there is a high degree of recidivism.

Also located at Jessup, and in close proximity to the House of Correction, is the Correctional Institution for Women with a population of 200 inmates ranging in ages from 16 - 61 years. With an average educational level of the fourth grade, these women, whose terms average eighteen months, are housed in cottages with individual rooms and dining and recreational rooms, and they are operated under relaxed security measures. The educational program varies according to the availability of teaching staff - this affects the use of the library too - however, 30 women are enrolled in classes.

The library is located at the rear of a basement room which is also used as a classroom, and the size of the collection is undetermined. Although the women have access to the books once a week - on Friday, as in the other institutions there is little incentive to reading. The Anne Arundel County Library sends a deposit

collection of 50 books a month to the institution, and some of these are usable in the educational program. Each of the cottages has a small collection of books. In the building program there is planned a combined administration and school building with five classrooms and a library equipped with study tables.

EVALUATION OF LIBRARIES

After studying the information obtained on the survey forms and from the visits to the individual institutions, it is immediately evident that, although an attempt has been made to organize the libraries, they are woefully inadequate. The following conclusions apply to all the institutions:

I. Materials

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Book collections consist mostly of discards from other libraries and gifts. Many are in poor physical condition and the quality is often questionable. The largest percentage of the collections is in the fiction category. Nonfiction and reference materials, when available, are out of date and often unsuitable. Examination of the collections shows that the content, make-up, and reading level of the materials, on the whole, do not reflect the needs and interests of the population. Book selection tools and selection policies are unavailable, and limited purchases are made without their consideration.

All institutions have in one way or another tried to organize the book collections. Only one institution uses the Dewey classification system, and two have a mimeographed catalog from which the inmates may make selections. Card catalogs are organized in a variety of ways and do not conform with acceptable

library practices.

All but one institution have subscriptions to some periodicals. In no case is the minimum standard met. Phonograph records, filmstrips, pamphlets, pictures, etc., are not included in the library collections. One institution has a collection of gift phonograph records and a few filmstrips which are housed in the educational department.

II. Budget

Funds for library materials are not included in the budgets of the institutions. Any expenditures made for books and related materials are taken from welfare funds. The amounts of money available from this source are very limited.

III. Staff

The libraries are manned by inmates who work under the direction of educational instructors or other staff members. Selection for this duty is made by assignment or based on prison classification. To be assigned to work in the library carries prestige. Inmates working in the libraries also have other assigned duties. One institution has a staff member with some library experience assigned full time to the library.

A formal, inservice training program is not available for inmate assistants. A man must learn on the job and receive direction from staff members or other inmates who have had experience.

IV. Services

Services to the readers who use the institutional libraries is



minimal. It consists mostly of checking books in and out but cannot encompass such activities as reader guidance or reference service. Assistance in satisfying these needs is most often given by the director of education in relationship to the educational program.

Interlibrary loan service is obtained by the Maryland Penitentiary from the Enoch Pratt Free Library. This consists of deposits of books as well as reference and film service. Other institutions are visited by county library bookmobiles which loan small collections but are not used directly by the inmates. The Maryland State Department of Education has a contract with the Enoch Pratt Free Library which, through loans, makes available the book and film resources of that agency to the libraries in the State, including the correctional institutions. The Maryland Penitentiary is the only one which uses this service to any extent.

Book discussion groups, lectures, film programs, book lists, etc., are not within the scope of the library program.

Circulation routines and regulations have been formulated to suit the individual institution.

V. Physical Facilities

All institutions have space allocated for a library. The areas are too small and cannot provide adequate shelving or seating space. Workroom and office areas are nonexistent.

Every effort has been made to keep these libraries clean and orderly. This has been done in spite of the crowded conditions

and the influences of adjacent activities.

The wardens and superintendents of these institutions recognize the need for relocating the libraries so that they may be more accessible to the entire population as well as to the educational facilities.

Daytime hours of service are available daily during the week in three institutions. However, a visit to the library is possible only on authorized passes or in periodic group visits when possible. The library at the Institution for Women is open one day a week for service. Evening or Sunday hours are not maintained. Work assignments are scheduled during the day, and this practice restricts the use of the libraries at the present time.

VI. Staff Library

A basic collection of standard and recent books and journals for staff use, as advocated by objectives and standards for correctional institutions, is not available at this time.

PHILOSOPHY AND STANDARDS

A well-planned, professionally staffed and administered prison library program, with a materials collection specifically designed for the needs of the staff and inmates, will contribute positively to the rehabilitative, educational, social, and vocational training of the people committed to the institutions.

Such a library program will provide vocational information and recreational reading to enlarge social backgrounds, substitute new interests for undesirable attitudes, and afford opportunity for informal adult education for the prisoners.

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For the staff, a good library program will provide supplementary materials that will be useful to the psychologists, the instructors, and the officers in rehabilitative programming within the prisons and in in-service training plans for personnel.

Within the institutions, the library should be located close to the education classrooms and the recreational facilities and easily accessibile to the prison population and the staff. In addition to being open during daytime hours, the library should be open some part of the evening free time of the prisoners, e.g. 1:00 - 8:00 p.m. or 2:00 - 9:00 p.m., possibly on a staggered schedule. This type of schedule would also afford opportunity for the students to use the library resources during their educational program.

Immates should have ready access to the library at least once every two weeks with special consideration given to students when necessary. Permission should be granted to use the library with a minimum of restrictions that would not conflict with security.

The services provided should include: (1) reader guidance and reference assistance to inmates and staff, (2) preparation of booklists for individual and group interests, (3) interlibrary loan service from large libraries within the State, (4) recreational and educational reading, (5) exhibits and displays, and (6) activities such as discussion groups, film programs.

According to the standards prepared by the Association of Hospital and Institution Libraries and published in the American Journal of Correction, July-August, 1962, the minimum collection in an institution should not be less than 6,000 well-selected books, except in small prisons, with the desired minimum being 10 books for each inmate. A professionally-trained librarian, assisted by a library technician or senior clerk, and a correctional officer are desirable for

the administration of these library services.

The library should have controlled even heat, adequate lighting, good ventilation, acoustic tile on the ceilings, and a floor covering that is resilient but durable.

In projecting a library service plan for the Maryland correctional institutions, the committee submits these formulas that entail some variation at present from the recommended standards, due to financial restrictions:

- I. Salaries of the civilian staff have been adapted from the salary scale used by the Enoch Pratt Free Library in order to meet the competition for staff from metropolitan libraries in Maryland. The scale provides for a standard 5 per cent increment on the base salary over a range of five years. This eventually should be correlated with the State Classification System.
- II. The size of the book collection for each inmate library should reach a minimum of 6,000 books in a five-year period, with the exception of the Maryland Correctional Institution for Women.
- III. The periodical collection, for both inmate and staff libraries, should be stabilized at 25 periodicals a year during the five-year period.

 This period can be termed as an evaluative process, with titles added and eliminated as the need and interest indicates. Without this experimentation it is difficult to determine the type of high interest low reading level periodicals which would satisfy the need. Expansion of the collection can then proceed on a sound base of selection.
 - IV. The staff library should reach a maximum of 550 titles by the end of 1969.
 - V. Average cost of books: \$4.00 per title for inmate library; \$5.00 per



title for staff library.

*

- VI. Average cost of periodicals: \$5.00 per title for inmate library; \$7.00 per title for the staff library.
- VII. Replacement and binding budget is 35 per cent of the book budget.
- VIII. Construction cost was estimated by multiplying the number of square feet allocated for space by the cost of \$17.00 per square foot.

 Equipment was then estimated at 10 per cent of basic construction cost for the initial year of the library program at each institution at 16 per cent of the basic cost for the second year of the program, and at 8 per cent for the following years.
 - IX. Seating capacity of the library shall be equal initially to 2½ per cent of the prison population, increasing to the standard of 5 per cent over a five-year period (exception, Maryland Correctional Institution for Women where, because of the size, a seating capacity of 10 per cent of the population was allowed the first year).
 - X. Space allocations have been determined as follows: (1) shelving -10 books per square foot, (2) seating 35 square feet per person,(3) standard square footage for circulation desks, index tables,storage, workroom, office and conference rooms as needed.

GENERAL SUGGESTIONS FOR FIVE-YEAR PROJECTED PLAN - 1966-1970

The committee agrees that suggestions for inaugurating library service must be so structured that all institutions may meet standards within the next five years. Emphasis is also placed on being realistic with respect to expenditures needed and the possibility of obtaining funds for organizing a minimum service.

The National Committee strongly urged a pilot program which would demonstrate



the value of good library service. This demonstration will require outside financial assistance, probably from some foundation, for implementation. The State Committee agrees that the Maryland Penitentiary is the logical place to have the demonstration. This institution has a strong educational and rehabilitation program. It also has the largest percentage of long-term inmates serving an average of 5½ years.

The recommendations are made for an immediate plan to be put into effect for a two-year program and a long-range plan to be accomplished in a five-year period.

The plan encompasses the following:

- I. In 1966 begin a pilot library demonstration at the Maryland Penitentiary (to be supported for the first two-years by a grant).
- II. In 1967 establish a supervisory library division in the Maryland Department of Correction. Library organization to start at Maryland Correctional Institution for Men at Hagerstown and the pilot program to be continued.
- III. In 1968 establish library service at the Maryland House of Correction and Maryland Correctional Institution for Women and continue all other projects.
- IV. In 1969 and 1970 support all projects financially for two years, so that each may progress toward meeting standards.
- V. A program to be organized for library service to correctional camps as soon as financially feasible.

VI. Summary

This plan advocates that by 1970 the correctional institutions have the following book collections, supported by necessary staff

and services:

Penitentiary 14,000 volumes

Maryland Correction Institution for Men 6,000 volumes

Maryland House of Correction 5;000 volumes

Maryland Correctional Institution

1,600 volumes

for Women

At the conclusion of the five-year program, the first two institutions will have met minimum standards. Future growth should add 1,000 volumes to the library at the Maryland House of Correction and 400 volumes to the Maryland Correctional Institution for Women. This would result in all institutions having a minimum collection as stipulated in the standards.

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Five-Year Plan for Library Development: Maryland Correctional Institutions: 1966-1970 Froposed Budget:

c. Total	o \$42,003	0 25,586 0 13,020 0 17,373 0 55,979	25,751 0 13,221 0 11,610 0 17,173 6,028 5 6,028	26,316 0 13,825 0 11,515 0 11,410 5 2,298 5 65,364	21,086 0 11,126 0 11,335 0 2,148
Misc.	009\$	500 1,100 1,00 1,00 1,00 1,00 1,00 1,00 1,00 1,00 1,00 1,00 1,00 1,00 1,	600 300 300 125 125 125	690 300 300 125 125 135	2000 3000 3000 3000 3000 3000
Salaries	\$11,521	12,086 12,020 1,638 28,744	12,651 12,621 1,858 1,638 34,846	13,216 13,225 5,078 4,860 78	13,781 13,826 5,298 5,078
Equip- ment	\$5,882	800 5,210 5,210	1,00 200 627 3,910 1,870 7,007	100 200 312 625 425 100 100	200 312 312 312 312
Pamph. & Newsp.	\$200	300 300 100 100 100	200 100 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200	200 100 100 500	8 - 8 8 8 8
Period- icals	lst YEAR - 1966 \$300	2nd YEAR - 1967 300 - 125 425	3rd YEAR - 1968 300 - 125 125 75 75	4th YEAR - 1969 300 - 125 125 75 75	5th YEAR - 1970 300 125 125 125 75
acement Bindery	lst	2nd	•	4th	5th
Replacement and Bindery	\$5,000	3,000 2,100 5,100	3,000 1,400 2,100 7,480	3,000 1,400 1,400 6,220	1,505
Books	\$18,500	8,600 200,900 11,800	8,600 100 1,000 6,000 2,800	8,600 100 4,000 1,200 17,900	4, 300 100 4, 000 1, 000
Agency	Penitentiary	Penitentiary Department of Correction Inst. for Men	Penitentiary Department of Correction Inst. for Men House of Correction Inst. for Women TOTAL	Penitentiary Department of Correction Inst. for Men House of Correction Inst. for Women TOTAL	Penitentiary Department of Correction Inst. for Men House of Correction Inst. for Women

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Budget for Minimum Library Service Program in Maryland Correctional Institutions and Workcamps

1966

	Maryland Penitentiary (initial year)	\$42,003	(grant)
19	67		
	Maryland Penitentiary (second year)	\$25,586	(grant)
	State Department of Correction (initial year)	13,020	
	Maryland Correctional Institution for Men (initial year)	17,373	
	Total for 1967	\$55,979	
19	·68		
	Maryland Penitentiary (third year)	\$25,751	
	State Department of Correction (second year)	13,221	
	Maryland Correctional Institution for Men (second year)	11,610	
	Maryland House of Correction (initial year)	17,173	
	Maryland Correctional Institution for Women (initial year) 6,028	
	Total for 1968	\$73,783	
19	69		
	Maryland Penitentiary (fourth year)	\$26,316	
	State Department of Correction (third year)	13,825	
	Maryland Correctional Institution for Men (third year)	11,515	
	Maryland House of Correction (second year)	11,410	
	Maryland Correctional Institution for Women (second year)	2,298	
	Total for 1969	\$65,364	
19	70		
	Maryland Penitentiary (fifth year)	\$21,086	
	State Department of Correction (fourth year)	14,426	

1970 (cont'd)

Maryland Correctional Institution for Men (fourth year)	\$11,735
Maryland House of Correction (third year)	11,315
Maryland Correctional Institution for Women (third year)	2,148
Total for 1970	\$60,710
orkcamps	

Wo

Initial year	\$ 2,475
Yearly continuing budget	1,050

Overall	Budget for Library Program	1966 - 1970
1966	\$42,003	
1967	55,979	
1968	73,783	
1969	65,364	
1970	60,710	

PILOT LIBRARY PROGRAM FOR THE MARYLAND PENITENTIARY: 1966-1970 To Be Implemented 1966 Population 1,500

I. Personnel

The Librarian should be responsible to the Assistant Warden in charge of Correctional Treatment and maintain a close working relationship with the Director of Education. During the second year of the library program, the Librarian would administer the Penitentiary program under the supervision of the Librarian attached to the State Department of Correction.

A. Professional staff

1. Librarian

Employed on a twelve-month basis with provision for vacation, sick leave, etc.

a. Qualifications

College graduate plus a degree from a library school accredited by the American Library Association. At least two years professional library experience including some administration. Background of some sociology, psychology, criminology, and adult education desirable.

b. Staff relations

Consult with and coordinate library program with the functions of the Director of Education.

Plan and organize prison library; formulate policies for book selection and for use of library with Director of Education, the Correctional Treatment Officer, and the

professional staff; weed and develop book collection; supervise and train personnel; develop library services to help meet needs of inmate and staff, including reference and reader guidance; reports, publicity, etc.; investigate possibilities of interlibrary loan service and utilization of other available services from local and State institutions.

d. Salary \$7,500 - \$9,375
Standard increase of 5 per cent of base salary, \$375 a year, given over five-year period until maximum is reached.

B. Nonprofessional

- 1. Library Technical Assistant
 - a. Qualifications

 Graduation from high school and ability to type. Two
 years experience in business field.
 - Ability to plan and supervise the circulation desk; train immate assistants; interpret policies on circulation procedures; under supervision of Librarian assist with technical processing of books; type confidential reports; supervise catalog filing; other duties as assigned.
 - c. Salary \$3,800 \$4,750

 Standard increase of 5 per cent of base salary, \$190 a

 year, given over five-year period until maximum is reached.
- C. Inmate assistants
 - 1. One full-time assistant



Some high school education desirable or competency in the educational program; ability to type; capable of performing duties assigned by Librarian, e.g., charging books, filing cards, maintaining collection in good order, checking overdue books, processing book and other materials, etc.

2. Three part-time assistants to assist with circulation routines, shelving books, etc.

II. Materials

- A. Inmate library: size and scope
 - 1. Book collection
 - a. Based on the premise that one fourth of the present book stock of 11,000 12,000 books would be retained, there should be at least 7,000 well-selected books in the collection during the pilot year increasing over a five-year span to 14,000.
 - b. To include current book titles, duplicates of popular titles, useful older standard titles, up-to-date reference materials, and paperbacks.
 - 2. Periodicals
 - 25 titles to be used only in the library. Circulating copies provided from welfare fund, gifts, or other sources.
 - 3. Pamphlets and newspapers
 - 4. Films and recordings

Available on interlibrary loan basis from local organizations.

B. Staff library

This collection would be selected to serve all State correctional



personnel and would support any inservice training program.

- 3. Book collection: size and scope
 - a. 250 books during the pilot year to be expanded to 550 by 1970.
 - b. To include basic standard and recent titles in areas relative to correctional institution programs.

2. Periodicals

a. 25 titles including professional and popular periodicals.

III. Seating capacity (base: 1/2 of standards)

A. Inmate library

- 1. Capacity of 35 persons for pilot year expanding to 70 at end of five-year period.
- 2. Seating provided around tables, in carrels, and using informal furniture.

B. Staff library

- 1. Table and six chairs, informal furniture.
- 2. Possibility of use as conference room.

IV. Space allocation	Minimum	Maximum
A. Inmate library		
1. Shelving (10 books per sq.ft.)	700	1,400
including circulating, reference		٠.
books, and periodicals	•	
2. Circulation control (including desk)	200	200
3. Index table	100	100
4. Seating (35 people, 35 sq.ft. per person)	1,225	2,450



5. Storage (books, periodicals) maybe be		
combined with workroom	200	200
6. Workroom	200	300
7. Librarian's office	120	120
8. Rest room (not necessarily in library		
complement)	50	50
9. Conference room		200
10. Additional space: hallway, etc.	280	500
	3,075	5 ,5 20
B. Staff library		
1. Shelving (10 books per sq.ft.)	250	550
2. Seating	210	210
	460	210
C. Total space allocation for inmate and staff		
libraries	3 , 535	6,280

V. Facility considerations: heat, light, etc., as listed in standards.
VI. Budget for initial year - 1966

A. Materials

1. Books

a. Inmate library - 4,250 new volumes at
\$4.00 per book; collection at end of
pilot year - 7,000 books
\$17,000
b. Staff library: 250 books at \$6.00 per volume
1,500
2. Replacement and binding (base: 35% of book budget)
5,000
3. Periodicals

a. Inmate library

125 25 periodicals, average \$5.00 per title b. Staff library 175 25 periodicals, average \$7.00 per title 200 4. Pamphlets, newspapers B. Equipment (formula: 10% of construction cost) 5,100 1. Inmate library 3,000 sq.ft. x \$17 per sq.ft. = \$51,000 782 2. Staff library $460 \text{ sq. ft. } \times $17 = $7,820$ C. Staff 7,500 1. Librarian \$ 3,800 2. Library Technical Assistant 3. Inmate assistants a. One full-time assistant (.40 per day, 40 hr. week 104 Three part-time assistants (.30 per day, total 117 60 hours weekly) D. Additional expenses 250 1. Supplies 50 2. Postage 3. Travel: Librarian to attend State professional meetings, American Library Association meeting, visits to 300 established prison libraries. \$42,003

VII. Budget for 1967 - Second year of program

A. Materials

1. Books

	a.	Inmate library: 2,000 volumes at \$4.00 per book	
		Book collection at end of 1967 - 9,000 volumes	\$ 8,000
	b.	Staff library: 100 volumes at \$6.00 per book;	
		book collection at end of 1967 - 350	600
2	. Rep	Placement and binding (base 35% of book budget)	3,000
3	• Per	riodicals	
	a.	Inmate library: 25 titles as in initial year;	
		average \$5.00 per title	125
	b.	Staff library: 25 titles as in initial year;	
		average \$7.00 per title	175
4	. Pan	phlets and newspapers	200
B. E	quipn	ment for inmate and staff libraries	
	(16	of equipment allocation for initial year)	, 800
C. S	taff		
1	. Lit	prarian	
	(st	andard increase of 5% of base salary: \$375)	\$ 7,875
2	. Lit	prary Technical Assistant	
	(st	candard increase of 5% of base salary: \$190)	3,990
3	. Inn	nate assistants	
	a.	One full-time assistant (.40 per day, 40 hr. week)	104
	b.	Three part-time assistants (.30 per day, total 60	
		hrs. weekly)	117
D. A	.dditi	onal expenses	
1	. Sup	plies	250
2	• Pos	tage	50
3	• Tra	vel (Librarian)	300
		Total	\$25,586
		AA	

VIII. Budget for 1968 - Third year of program

A. Materials

1. Books

	a.	Inmate library: 2,000 volumes at \$4.00 per book	
		Book collection at end of 1968 - 11,000 volumes	\$ 8,000
	b •	Staff library: 100 volumes at \$6.00 per book	
		Book collection at end of 1968 - 450 volumes	600
;	2. Rep	placement and binding (35% of book budget)	3,000
	3. Per	riodicals	
	a.	Inmate library: 25 titles, average \$5.00 per title	125
	b.	Staff Library: 25 titles, average \$7.00 per title	175
	4. Par	mphlets and newspapers	200
В.	Equipr	ment for inmate and staff libraries	
	((8% of equipment allotment for initial year)	400
C.	Staff	salaries	
	l. Li	brarian	
	(s ⁻	tandard increase of 5% of base salary: \$375)	8,250
	2. Li	brary Technical Assistant	
,	(s	tandard increase of 5% of base salary: \$190)	4,180
	3. In	mate assistants	
	a:•	One full-time assistant (.40 per day, 40 hour week)	1.04
	b.	Three part-time assistants (.30 per day, total 60)	
		hours weekly	117
D.	Addit	ional expenses	
	1. Su	pplies	250

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2. Postage	50
3. Travel (Librarian)	300
Total for 1968	\$25,751
IX. Budget for 1969 - Fourth year of program	
A. Materials	
1. Books	
a. Inmate library: 2,000 volumes at \$4.00 per book	
Book collection at end of 1969 - 13,000 volumes	\$ 8,000
b. Staff library: 100 volumes at \$6.00 per book	
Book collection at end of 1969 - 550 volumes	600
2. Replacement and binding	3,000
3. Periodicals	
a. Inmate library: 25 titles, average \$5.00 per title	125
b. Staff library: 25 titles, average \$7.00 per title	175
4. Pamphlets and newspapers	200
B. Equipment for inmate and staff libraries	
(8% of equipment allotment for initial year)	700
C. Staff	
1. Librarian	
(standard increase of 5% of base salary: \$375)	625
2. Library Technical Assistant	
(standard increase of 5% of base salary: \$190)	4,370
3. Inmate assistants	
a. One full-time assistant (.40 per day, 40 hour week)	104
b. Three part-time assistants (.30 per day, total 60)	
hours weekly	117

D. Additional expenses	
1. Supplies	250
2. Postage	50
3. Travel (Librarian)	300
Total for 1969 \$26,	316
X. Budget for 1970 - Fifth year of program	
A. Materials	
1. Books	
a. Inmate library: 1,000 volumes at \$4.00 per book	
Book collection at end of 1970 - 14,000 volumes \$ 4,	000
b. Staff library	
Book collection at maximum of 550 volumes	300
2. Replacement and binding	505
3. Periodicals	
a. Inmate library: 25 titles, average \$5.00 per title	125
b. Staff library: 25 titles, average \$7.00 per title	175
4. Pamphlets and newspapers	200
B. Equipment for inmate and staff libraries	
(8% of equipment allotment for initial year)	400
C. Staff	
1. Librarian	
(standard increase of 5% of base salary: \$375) 9,	,000
2. Library Technical Assistant	
(standard increase of 5% of base salary: \$190) 4,	,560
3. Inmate assistants	
a. One full-time assistant (.40 per day, 40 hour week)	104

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b. Three part-time assistants (.30 per day, total.60)
hours weekly 117

D. Additional expenses

1. Supplies 250
2. Postage 50
3. Travel (Librarian) 300

Total for 1970 \$21,086

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LIBRARY PROGRAM FOR STATE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTION

To establish personnel and resources in the State Department of Correction; to be implemented the second year of the over-all library program 1967.

I. Personnel

₹.

A. Professional staff

1. Librarian (employed on a twelve-month basis with provisions for vacation, sick leave, etc.). To be attached to the Commissioner's office and to function under his direction and supervision.

a. Qualifications

College graduate plus a degree from a library school accredited by the American Library Association. At least three years professional experience, including administration. Background of some sociology, psychology, criminology, and adult education desirable.

b. Staff relations

Responsible to the Commissioner of the State Correction

Agency. Consult and coordinate the State library program

with the Director of Education for the State Correctional

Agency and with Assistant Warden in charge of Treatment

and education officer of each institution.

c. Basic duties

Develop, supervise, and administer libraries and library service for the inmates and staff of the State adult correctional institutions, with emphasis on establishing



Institution for Men at Hagerstown in 1967, and at the House of Correction and the Maryland Correctional Institution for Women at Jessup in 1968. Supervise the Maryland Penitentiary Library. On the State level set up necessary records, routines, order and select books; develop State institution book selection policy; establish policies and procedures; weed collections in institution libraries. Investigate interlibrary loans from outside resources. Select and train personnel. Develop inservice training program. Plan library facilities in State institutions. Formulate budgets. Negotiate contracts for central processing of books.

d. Salary

\$8,220 - 10,055 (increment of \$411 a year for five years)

B. Nonprofessional

1. Stenographer

a. Qualifications

Graduation from high school and ability to type and take shorthand. Two years experience in business field.

b. Basic duties

Handle correspondence; maintain necessary files and records as set up by and under direction of Librarian; prepare reports; maintain professional library material; coordinate orders for books; other duties as assigned.

c. Salary

4

\$3,800 - \$4,750 (increment of \$190 a year for five years)

II. Materials

Professional materials on book selection, reader guidance and reference work, personnel training, library administration including books, periodicals, and pamphlets.

III. Budget for initial year - 1967

A. Salaries

	1. Librarian	\$8,220
	2. Stenographer	3,800
TD.	Professional materials	200
•	Travel (Librarian)	300
0	To attend State professional meetings, American Library	
	Association meeting, mileage for visits to State insti-	
	tutions, visits to out-of-State prison libraries.	
ת	. Equipment	500
	. Space supplied by the State Correctional Agency	
Ľ,	• Space Supplied of the Control of the	\$13,020
. Bı	udget 1968 - Second year of program	• •
	Calonios	

IV.

A. Salaries

	1. Librarian (standard 5% increase: \$111)	\$8,631
	2. Library Technical Assistant (standard 5% increase:	\$190) 3,990
В.	Professional materials	100
C.	Travel	300
D.	Equipment	200
	•	\$13,221



V. Budget 1969 - Third year of program		
A. Salaries		
1. Librarian	\$9,045	
2. Library Technical Assistant	4,180	
B. Professional materials	100	
C. Travel	300	
D. Equipment	200	
	\$13,825	
VI. Budget 1970 - Fourth year of program		
A. Salaries		
1. Librarian	\$9, 456	
2. Library Technical Assistant	4,370	
B. Professional materials	100	
C. Travel	300	
D. Equipment	200	
	\$14,426	

LIBRARY PROGRAM FOR MARYLAND CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION FOR MEN AT HAGERSTOWN To Be Implemented 1967 Population 2,000

I. Personnel

A. Library Technical Assistant

1. Qualifications

Graduation from high school; some courses in business and/or in college desirable. Ability to type. Two years experience in the business field.

2. Basic duties

Under guidance of Librarian attached to State Department of Correction do basic reader guidance and reference work with inmates and make referral to Librarian when necessary. Attendance desirable at the training classes for librarianship held in the State, or given such training by the Librarian at the State office. Supervise inmate assistants. Plan and supervise circulation desk; interpret policies on circulation.

Type reports; assist with technical processing of books. Other duties as assigned by Librarian.

3. Salary

\$4,404 - \$5,504 (standard increase of 5% of base salary; \$220 increment a year for a five-year period)

B. Inmate assistants

1. Two full-time assistants (rate .30 per day, 40 hour week)

Some high school education or competency in the educational program desirable; ability to type; ability to perform duties as assigned by the Library Technical Assistant.



2. Three part-time assistants (rate .20 per day, total 60 hours a week)

To assist with circulation routines, shelving books, etc.
II. Materials

- A. Immate library: size and scope
 - 1. Book collection

4.

- a. Based on premise that 1,500 books of present book stock
 6,000 volumes will be retained, there should be at least
 3,000 well-selected books in the collection during the
 initial year of the program, increasing over a four-year
 period to 6,000 books at the rate of 1,000 additional books
 per year. This figure of 6,000 represents the minimum
 collection under the Standards for prison library collections.
- b. To include current book titles, duplicates of popular titles, useful older standard titles, up-to-date reference materials and paperbacks.

2. Periodicals

25 titles for use in the library only. Circulating periodicals to be provided from the Welfare Fund, from gifts, or from other sources.

- 3. Newspapers, pamphlets
- 4. Films and recordings

Available on interlibrary loan from local organizations

B. Staff library

Materials center at the Maryland Penitentiary is designed to serve all correctional personnel and to support any staff inservice



training program.

C. Pre-release Center

Small collection of paperbacks to be housed in the Center recreation room and serviced by a member of the staff.

III. Seating capacity (base: ½ of standards, 2.5 of prison population)

A. Inmate library

- 1. Capacity of 40 persons during the first year expanding to 80 in five years.
- 2. Seating provided around tables, carrels, and informal furniture.

 IV. Space allocation

• Inmate library	Minimum	Maximum
1. Shelving (10 books per sq. ft.) fcr	300	600
collection of 3,000 books the first		
year increasing to 6,000 bcoks in four		
years; includes circulating, reference		
books, and periodicals		
2. Circulation desk	200	200
3. Index table	100	100
4. Seating (40 people increasing to		
80 people; 35 sq.ft. per person)	1,400	2,800
5. Storage, workroom, and office combined	300	300
	2,300 sq.ft.	.μ.οco sq.ft.

V. Facility considerations: light, heat, etc., as listed in Standards
VI. Budget for initial year - 1967

A. Materials

1. Books

a. Inmate library 1,500 books at \$4.00 per book. \$6,	000
(Figure based on retention of 1,500 books from	
current collection making a total of 3,000 books	
in library at end of first year.)	
2. Replacement and binding (base: 35% of book budget) 2,	100
3. Periodicals	
a. Inmate library: 25 titles, average \$5.00 per title	125
4. Newspapers, pamphlets	100
B. Equipment (formula: 10% of construction cost)	
2,300 sq. ft. x \$17.00 per sq. ft. 3,	910
C. Staff salaries	
1. Library Technical Assistant	71071
2. Inmate assistants	
a. Two full-time assistants (rate .30 day, 40 hour week)	156
b. Three part-time assistants	
(rate .20 per day; total 60 hours a week)	78
D. Additional expenses	
1. Supplies	250
2. Postage	50
E. Paperbacks for the Pre-release Center	200
Total for 1967 \$17,	373
Budget for 1968 - Second year of library program	
A. Materials	
1. Books	
Inmate library: 1,000 volumes at \$4.00 per book \$4,	000
Collection at end of 1968 - 4,000 volumes	
- 35 -	

VII.

	2	Replacement and binding: 35% of book budget	1,400
	3	B. Periodicals	
		Inmate library: 25 titles at average of \$5.00 per title	125
	1	Pamphlets and newspapers	100
	B. E	Equipment (16% of equipment allotment for 1967)	627
	C. S	Staff salaries	
	1	. Library Technica Assistant	\$4,624
		(standard increase of 5% of hase: \$220)	
	2	. Inmate assistants	
		a. Two full-time assistants (rate .30 per day,	
		40 hr. week)	156
		b. Three part-time assistants (rate .20 per day,	
		total 60 hours weekly)	78
	D. A	dditional expenses	
	1	• Postage	50
	2	• Supplies	250
	E. P.	aperbacks for the Pre-release Center	2.00
		Total for 1968	\$11,610
VIII.	Budge	et for 1969 - Third year of library program	•
		aterials	
	1	• Books	
		Inmate library: 1,000 volumes at \$4.00 per book	\$4,000
		Collection at end of 1969 - 5,000 volumes	,,,
	2.	Replacement and binding	1,400
	3.	Periodicals	y
		Inmate library: 25 titles, average \$5.00 per title	125
		- 36 -	- /

	4. Pamphlets and newspapers	100
В	. Equipment (8% of equipment allotment for 1967)	312
С	. Staff salaries	
	1. Library Technical Assistant (annual increment \$220)	4,844
	2. Inmate assistants	
	a. Two full-time assistants30 a day, 40 hour week	156
	b. Three part-time assistants20 a day, total 60	
	hours weekly	78
D	• Additional expenses	
	1. Supplies	250
	2. Postage	50
E	• Paperbacks for Pre-release Center	200
	Total for 1969	\$11,515
IX. B	udget for 1970 - Fourth year of library program	
	udget for 1970 - Fourth year of library program . Materials	
	• Materials	\$4,000
	• Materials 1. Books	\$4,000
	. Materials 1. Books Inmate library: 1,000 volumes at \$4.00 per volume	\$4,000 1,400
	. Materials 1. Books Inmate library: 1,000 volumes at \$4.00 per volume Collection at end of 1970 - 6,000 volumes	·
	 Materials 1. Books Inmate library: 1,000 volumes at \$4.00 per volume Collection at end of 1970 - 6,000 volumes 2. Replacement and binding 	·
	 Materials 1. Books Inmate library: 1,000 volumes at \$4.00 per volume Collection at end of 1970 - 6,000 volumes 2. Replacement and binding 3. Periodicals 	1,400
A	 Materials 1. Books Inmate library: 1,000 volumes at \$4.00 per volume Collection at end of 1970 - 6,000 volumes 2. Replacement and binding 3. Periodicals Inmate library: 25 titles 	1,400
В	 Materials 1. Books Inmate library: 1,000 volumes at \$4.00 per volume Collection at end of 1970 - 6,000 volumes 2. Replacement and binding 3. Periodicals Inmate library: 25 titles 4. Pamphlets and newspapers 	1,400 125 100
В	. Materials 1. Books Inmate library: 1,000 volumes at \$4.00 per volume Collection at end of 1970 - 6,000 volumes 2. Replacement and binding 3. Periodicals Inmate library: 25 titles 4. Pamphlets and newspapers Equipment (8% of equipment allotment for 1967)	1,400 125 100
В	 Materials 1. Books Inmate library: 1,000 volumes at \$4.00 per volume Collection at end of 1970 - 6,000 volumes 2. Replacement and binding 3. Periodicals Inmate library: 25 titles 4. Pamphlets and newspapers Equipment (8% of equipment allotment for 1967) Staff salaries 	1,400 125 100 312



	a.	Two full-time assistants30 per day,	
		40 hour week	156
	b.	Three part-time assistants20 per day,	
		total 60 hours weekly	78
D.	Additi	onal expenses	
	1. Sup	plies	250
	2. Pos	tage	50
E.	Paperb	acks for Pre-release Center	200
		Total for 1970	\$11.735

LIBRARY PROGRAM FOR THE MARYLAND HOUSE OF CORRECTION FOR MEN AT JESSUP To Be Implemented 1968 Population 1,883

I. Personnel

A. Library Technical Assistant

1. Qualifications

Graduation from high school; some courses in business college desirable; ability to type; two years in the business field.

2. Basic duties

Under guidance of Librarian attached to the State Department of Correction, do basic reader guidance and reference work with inmates and make referral to Librarian when necessary. Attendance desirable at the training classes for librarianship held in the State, or given this training by Librarian at the State office. Supervise inmate assistants and library at Maryland Correctional Institution for Women; plan and supervise circulation desk; interpret policies on circulation; type reports; assist with technical processing of books, Other duties as assigned by Librarian.

3. Salary

\$4,404 - \$5,504 (standard increase of 5% of base salary; \$220 increment a year for a five-year period)

B. Inmate assistants

1. Two full-time assistants (.30 a day, 40 hour week)

Some high school education or competency in the educational program desirable; ability to type; ability to perform duties as assigned by the Library Technical Assistant.



2. Three part-time assistants (.20 a day, total of 60 hours a week)

To assist with circulation routines, shelving books, etc.

II. Materials

- A. Inmate library: size and scope
 - 1. Book collection
 - a. Based on premise that 1,500 books of present book stock of 7,500 volumes will be retained, there should be at least 3,000 well-selected books in the collection during the initial year of the program, increasing over a four-year period to 6,000 books at the rate of 1,000 additional books per year. This figure of 6,000 represents the minimum collection under the Standards for prison libraries.
 - b. To include current book titles, duplicates of popular titles, useful older standard titles, up-to-date reference materials, paperbacks.

2. Periodicals

25 titles for use in the library only. Circulating periodicals to be provided from the Welfare Fund, from gifts, and from other sources.

- 3. Pamphlets and newspapers
- 4. Films and recordings

 Available on interlibrary loan from local organizations.

B. Staff library

Materials center at the Maryland Penitentiary is designed to serve all correctional personnel and to support any staff inservice training program.



III. Seating capacity (base: 1/2 of standards, 2.5 of prison population)

A. Inmate library

- 1. Capacity of 40 persons during the first year expanding to 80 persons in five years.
- 2. Seating provided around tables, carrels, and informal furniture.

 IV. Space allocation

A. Inmate library	Minimum	Maximum
1. Shelving (10 books per sq. ft.) for	300	600
collection of 3,000 books the first		
year increasing to 6,000 books in four		
years; includes circulating and reference		
books, and periodicals		
2. Circulation desk	200	200
3. Index table	100	100
4. Seating capacity	1,400	2,800
(40 people increasing to 80 people;		
35 sq. ft. per person)		
5. Storage, workroom, and office combined	300	300
	2,300 sq.ft.	4,000 sq.ft.

V. Facility considerations: light, heat, as listed in Standards
VI. Budget for initial year - 1968

A. Materials

1. Books \$6,000

a. Inmate library - 1,500 books at \$4.00 per book.

(Figure based on retention of 1,500 books from current collection making a total of 3,000 books

in library at end of first year)	
2. Replacement and binding (base: 35% of book budget)	\$2,100
3. Periodicals	
Inmate library: 25 titles, average \$5.00 per title	125
4. Newspapers and pamphlets	100
B. Equipment (formula: 10% of construction cost)	3,910
2,300 sq. ft. x \$17 per sq. ft.	
C. Staff salaries	
1. Library Technical Assistant	4,404
2. Inmate assistant	
a. Two full-time assistants (rate .30 day,	
40 hr. week)	156
b. Three part-time assistants (rate .20 per day;	
total 60 hours a week)	78
D. Additional expenses	
1. Supplies	250
2. Postage	50
Total for 1968	\$17,173
VII. Budget for 1969 - Second year of program	
A. Materials	
1. Books	
Inmate library: 1,000 volumes at \$4.00 per book	\$4,000
Collection at end of 1969 - 4,000 volumes	
2. Replacement and binding	\$4,000
3. Periodicals	125
Inmate library: 25 titles at average of \$5.00 per to	itle

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4. Pamphlets and newspapers	100
B. Equipment (16% of equipment allotment for 1967)	625
C. Staff salaries	
1. Library Technical Assistant (increment of \$220)	\$4 , 626
2. Immate assistants	
a. Two full-time assistants (rate .30 per day,	
40 hour week)	156
b. Three part-time assistants (rate .20 per day,	
total 60 hours a week)	78
D. Additional expenses	
1. Postage	50
2. Supplies	250
Total for 1969	\$11,410
VIII. Budget for 1970 - Third year of program	
A. Materials	
1. Books	
Inmate library: 1,000 volumes at \$4.00 per book	\$4,000
Collection at end of 1970 - 5,000 volumes	
2. Replacement and binding	1,400
3. Periodicals	
Inmate library: 25 titles, average \$5.00 per title	125
4. Pamphlets and newspapers	100
B. Equipment (8% of equipment allotment for 1968)	31.2
C. Staff salaries	
1. Library Technical Assistant (increment of \$220)	4,844
2. Inmate assistants	
- 43 -	

a. Two full-time assistants (rate .30 per day,
40 hour week)

b. Three part-time assistants (rate .20 a day,
total 60 hours weekly)

78

D. Additional expenses

1. Supplies

250

2. Postage

Total for 1970
\$11,315

LIBRARY PROGRAM FOR THE MARYLAND CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION FOR WOMEN AT JESSUP To Pe Implemented 1968 Population 200

I. Personnel

To be supervised and administered at the local level by the Library Technical Assistant from the Maryland House of Correction. Because of the size of this institution, it is recommended that, during the initial year, the maximum space and a seating capacity of 10 per cent of the population be established.

A. Inmate assistant

1. One full-time assistant

Some high school education or competency in the educational program desirable; ability to type; ability to perform duties as assigned by the Library Technical Assistant from the House of Correction.

2. Salary - .30 per day, 40 hour week

II. Materials

A. Inmate library

1. Book collection

- a. Based on premise that 300 volumes of the present book stock will be retained, there should be at least 1,000 well-selected books in the collection during the initial year of the program, increasing over a four-year span to 2,000 volumes at the rate of 300 additional books per year. This figure of 2,000 represents a minimum collection, under the Standards, of 10 books per inmate.
- b. To include current book titles, duplicates of popular titles,



up-to-date reference materials, and paperbacks.

2. Periodicals

15 titles for use in the library only. Circulating periodicals to be provided from the Welfare Fund, from gifts, or other sources.

- 3. Newspapers and pamphlets
- 4. Films and recordings

Available on interlibrary loan from local organizations

B. Staff library

Materials center at the Maryland Penitentiary is designed to serve all correctional personnel, and to support any staff inservice training program.

III. Seating capacity (10% of prison population)

- A. Inmate library
 - 1. Capacity of 20 persons
- 2. Seating provided around tables, carrels, and informal furniture IV. Space allocation
 - A. Inmate library
 - 1. Shelving (10 books per sq. ft.)

 for eventual collection of 2,000 books including
 circulating, reference books and periodicals

 2. Small circulation desk

 100

 3. Index table

 100

 4. Seating (20 people; 35 sq. ft. per person)

 700

1,100

V. Facility considerations: as outlined in Standards

VI. Budget for initial year - 1968

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Α.	MH	.Le	rı	a.	. 5

A. Materials	
1. Books	
Inmate library: 700 books at \$4.00 per volume	\$2,800
2. Replacement and binding (35% of book budget)	980
3. Periodicals	
Inmate library: 15 titles, average \$5.00 per title	75
4. Newspapers, pamphlets	100
B. Equipment (formula: 10% of construction costs)	
1,100 sq. ft. x \$17.00 per sq. ft.	1,870
C. Staff salary: inmate assistant (rate .30 per day,	
40 hour week)	78
D. Additional expenses	
1. Supplies	100
2. Postage	
Total for 1968	\$6,028
VII. Budget for 1969 - Second year of program	
A. Materials	
1. Books	
Inmate library: 300 books at \$4.00 per volume	\$1,200
Collection at the end of 1969 - 1,300 volumes	
2. Replacement and binding	420
3. Periodicals	75
4. Newspapers, pamphlets	100
B. Equipment (16% of allotment for 1968)	300

78

C. Staff salary: inmate assistant

D. Additional expenses	
1. Supplies	100
2. Postage	_ 25
Total for 1969	\$2,298
VIII. Budget for 1970 - Third year of library program	
A. Materials	
1. Books	
Inmate library: 300 books at \$4.00 per volume	\$1,200
Collection at the end of 1970 - 1,600 volumes	
2. Replacement and binding	420
3. Periodicals	75
4. Newspapers, pamphlets	100
B. Equipment (8% of allotment for 1968	150
C. Staff salary: inmate assistant	78
D. Additional expenses	
1. Supplies	100
2. Postage	25

Total for 1970 \$2,148

LIBRARY PROGRAM FOR THE CORRECTIONAL WORKCAMPS

Library service programs for the correctional workcamps to be organized as soon as feasible. Each camp to have permanent collection of basic reference books, paperbacks, and periodicals. Materials to be selected by the Librarian at the Maryland Penitentiary. Collections will be augmented by traveling collections of books selected by the Librarian and will eventually revert to the Penitentiary. Budget for the deposit collections is allocated only for the initial year; future collections to be selected and supplied from the library at the Penitentiary. Supplementary collections and reference service may be obtained from the nearest county public library.

- I. Materials to be located permanently in each workcamp
 - A. Basic reference books as (1) set of encyclopedias, either the World Book or Compton's (2) standard dictionaries (3) almanacs
 - B. Collection of 100 paperbacks: current titles, duplicates of popular titles, older standard works, including both fiction and nonfiction titles.
 - C. 15 periodicals
- II. Supplementary materials
 - A. Permanent collections in each workcamp to be augmented by traveling collections of 50 titles each, including current titles, standard older titles. To be loaned for an indefinite period to each camp on a rotating basis.
- B. Deposit collections obtained from the county public libraries
 III. Budget
 - A. Five sets of reference materials

\$ 600



B. Five sets of paperback books of 100 titles	\$ 500
C. Five sets of periodicals, 15 titles per set at	
\$5.00 per title	375
D. Five traveling collections of 50 titles each	\$1,000
Budget for initial year	\$2,475
Mearly budget for continuance of library program	
1. Paperbacks	500
2. Periodicals	375
3. Replacement	175

RESPONSIBILITY OF STATE AGENCIES

The Department of Correction will assume responsibility for securing a grant to implement the two-year pilot library demonstration at the Maryland Penitentiary. The administration of these monies and all administrative decisions will be made by this Department.

After the pilot year, funds will be requested in the annual budget of the Department of Correction to (1) develop library facilities at the three other correctional institutions, (2) continue the library program at the Penitentiary, and (3) establish the supervisory library division in the Department of Correction.

The Department of Correction should explore the possibility of obtaining bookmobile service, book deposit collections, reader guidance and reference service from county and city public libraries. These services would supplement those offered by the institutional libraries.

The Division of Library Extension will act in an advisory capacity to the Department of Correction and will provide consultant assistance.

CONCLUSIONS

A full-scale library demonstration project at the Maryland Penitentiary will establish the value of a well-planned and executed library program in the overall rehabilitative process of the inmates. There are few good examples of correctional institution libraries in the country. Maryland's program will furnish essential guidelines and evaluative devices for other state institutions interested in establishing a similar program.

Of vital importance to the success of the over-all plan for library service is the appointment of a professional librarian to the Department of Correction



office to develop and correlate library services in all correctional institutions and workcamps.

At the end of the five-year projected plan, the Department of Correction should consider the desirability of a professional librarian at each of the male institutions with the librarian at the House of Correction assuming responsibility for administering the library at the Correctional Institution for Women at Jessup.

The Department of Correction should investigate the possibility of contractual agreements with county library systems to order and process books and related materials for the institutional libraries.

APPENDIX



